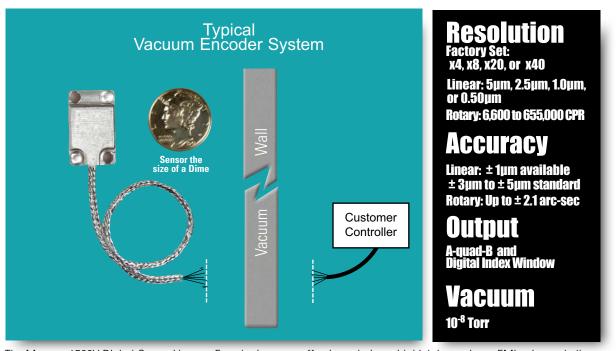
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# **Mercury TM 1500V Vacuum Rated Digital Output Encoders**Factory Set Resolution to 0.50µm

Reflective Linear and Rotary Vacuum Encoders Systems



The Mercury 1500V Digital Output Vacuum Encoder is a cost-effective solution with high immunity to EMI noise and all digital outputs straight from the sensor.

### Imagine what you can do with this!

The Mercury 1500V Digital Output Vacuum Encoder delivers unmatched performance at a lower cost for your vacuum application. With all digital signals directly from the sensor the M1500V has high immunity to EMI noise and includes a 5m vacuum-rated cable. The sensor is vented and constructed with vacuum compatible materials rated up to 10<sup>-8</sup> Torr and is designed for a 48 hour bake out at 150° C. The tiny sensor is easy to align and fits into very tight spaces and works in both linear and rotary applications. Color coded bare leads are provided for customer termination.

#### Standard features

- Digital A-quad-B output and Index window
- Vacuum rating: 10<sup>-8</sup> Torr; bake out 48 hours at 150° C (non-operating)
- Smallest sensor with ultra-low Z height
- Factory set interpolation x4, x8, x20, x40 for resolutions of 5µm to 0.50µm (linear); 6,600 CPR to 655,000 CPR (rotary)
- Bi-directional index signal
- Index mark at the center or end of the glass scale (linear)
- 5m vacuum cable with flying leads
- Alignment Tool enables fast set up (see pg 2)

### **Table of Contents**

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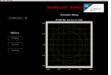
### **Optional Features & Accessories**

SmartPrecision Alignment Tool



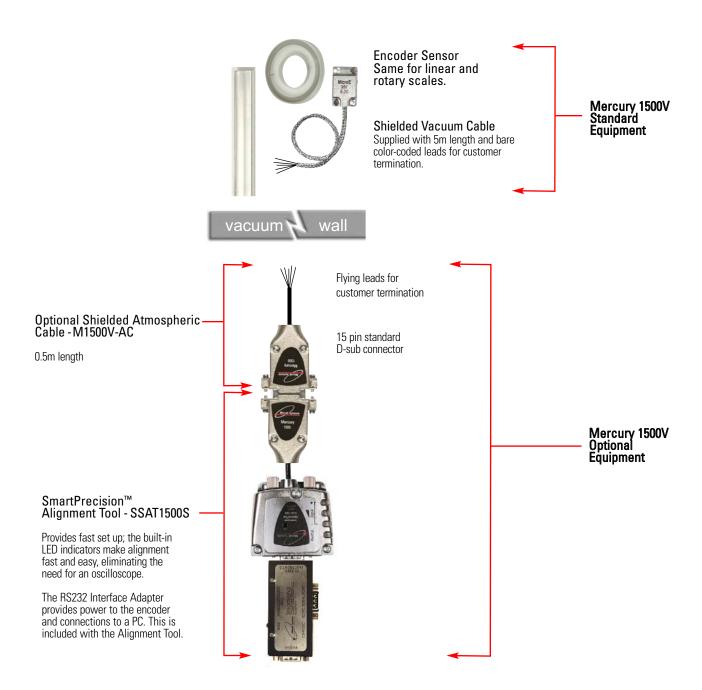
- 0.5m, atmospheric, double shielded cable with 15 pin D-sub connector
- Glass scale length or diameter:
   Linear lengths from 5mm to 2m
   Rotary diameters from 12mm to 108mm
- Vacuum-rated cable length of 5m or custom
- SmartPrecision Software for set up and monitoring





### **System Configurations**

### **Standard and Optional Equipment**



### **Optional Software**

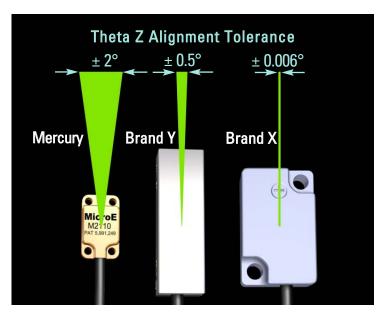
### SmartPrecision™ Software



Optional software lets you view signal strength, Lissajous plots, position data and diagnostics.

### Broader Alignment Tolerances, Increased Standoff Clearance, Smallest Sensor and More

Why Mercury Encoders Make It Easier To Design High Performance Into Your Equipment



### Eliminate the Frustration of Touchy Encoder Alignment

### **Mercury Solves this Problem for Good**

Fussy alignment is no longer a concern. With Mercury's patented PurePrecision™ optics, advanced SmartPrecision™ electronics and LED alignment indicators, you can push the sensor against your reference surface, tighten the screws and you're finished. Try that with brand X or Y.

This performance is possible thanks to relaxed alignment tolerances, particularly in the theta Z axis. Mercury offers a  $\pm\,2^{\circ}$  sweet spot—that's a 300% improvement over the best competitive encoder. And that will result in dramatic savings in manufacturing costs.

No other commercially available encoder is easier to align, easier to use, or easier to integrate into your designs.

### Alignment Tolerance Comparison\*\*

	Mercury*	Brand X	Brand Y	Mercury vs. Best Competitor
Z Standoff	± 0.15mm	± 0.1mm	± 0.1mm	Mercury is 50% better
Y	$\pm$ 0.20mm for linear $\pm$ 0.10mm for rotary $\geq$ 19mm dia.	± 0.1mm	unspecified	Mercury is 100% better
theta X	± 1.0°	unspecified	± 1.0°	
theta Y	± 2.0°	± 0.1°	± 1.0°	Mercury is 100% better
theta Z	± 2.0°	± 0.006°	± 0.5°	Mercury is 300% better

<sup>\*</sup>Measured at a constant temperature for one axis at a time with all other axes at their ideal positions.

### Mercury Can Reduce System Size and Cost

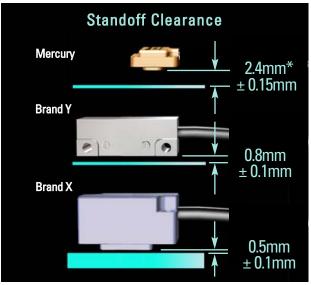
Mercury's sensor height is 44% shorter than competitive encoders, making it easy to fit into your design. This reduction can also cut total system weight and cost by allowing the use of smaller motors and stages. Safe system operation is also enhanced thanks to Mercury's generous standoff clearance—200% greater than other encoders. And its standoff tolerance is 50% greater than the best alternative.

This significantly relaxes mechanical system tolerances, while reducing system costs.

### Mechanical Dimension Comparison\*\*

	Mercury	Brand X	Brand Y	Mercury vs. Best Competitor
Sensor Z height	8.4mm	23mm	15mm	44% better
Standoff clearance	2.4mm	0.5mm	0.8mm	200% better
Standoff tolerance	± 0.15mm	± 0.1mm	± 0.1mm	50% better
System height	11.7mm	28.5mm	15.8mm	26% better

<sup>\*\*</sup>Based on published specifications



<sup>\*</sup> Dimensions shown illustrate encoder system standoff clearance; see Mercury Encoder Interface Drawings for correct design reference surfaces.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Based on published specifications

## **System Specifications**

### **Resolution and Maximum Speed**

Mercury 1500 systems have factory set interpolation: x4, x8, x20, x40. Below is the table of available resolutions.

### Linear - 20µm grating pitch

Interpolation	Resolution	Maximum Speed
х4	5.000µm/count	7200mm/s
x8	2.500µm/count	7200mm/s
x20	1.000µm/count	7200mm/s
x40	0.500μm/count	7200mm/s

### Rotary - 20µm grating pitch

Rotary Glass Scale Diameter	Fundamental Resolution		Interpolat Below is		e available	resolutions.
0.472" [12.00mm]	1650 CPR		x4	х8	x20	x40
		interpolated resolution (CPR)	6,600	13,200	33,000	66,000
		interpolated resolution (arc-sec/count)*	196.4	98.2	39.2	19.64
		interpolated resolution (µrad/count)*	952	476	190.3	95.2
		maximum speed (RPM)	13090	13090	13090	13090
0.750" [19.05mm]	2500 CPR		x4	x8	x20	x40
		interpolated resolution (CPR)	10,000	20,000	50,000	100,000
		interpolated resolution (arc-sec/count)*	129.6	64.8	25.9	12.96
		interpolated resolution (µrad/count)*	628	314	125.6	62.8
		maximum speed (RPM)	8640	8640	8640	8640
1.250" [31.75mm]	4096 CPR		x4	х8	x20	x40
		interpolated resolution (CPR)	16,384	32,768	81,920	163,840
		interpolated resolution (arc-sec/count)*	79.1	39.6	15.82	7.91
		interpolated resolution (µrad/count)*	383	191.7	76.6	38.3
		maximum speed (RPM)	5273	5273	5273	5273
2.250" [57.15mm]	8192 CPR		x4	x8	x20	x40
		interpolated resolution (CPR)	32,768	65,536	163,840	327,680
		interpolated resolution (arc-sec/count)*	39.6	19.78	7.92	3.96
		interpolated resolution (µrad/count)*	191.7	95.8	38.3	19.17
		maximum speed (RPM)	2637	2637	2637	2637
4.250" [107.95mm]	16384 CPR		x4	x8	x20	x40
		interpolated resolution (CPR)	65,536	131,072	327,680	655,360
		interpolated resolution (arc-sec/count)*	19.78	9.89	3.96	1.978
		interpolated resolution (µrad/count)*	95.8	47.9	19.16	9.58
		maximum speed (RPM)	1318	1318	1318	1318

<sup>\*</sup> Resolution values shown are approximate. To calculate exact resolution values, convert from CPR (Counts Per Revolution) to the desired units.

Note: Specifications assume XOR function which is available in all standard controllers.

All Specifications are subject to change. All data is accurate to the best of our knowledge. MicroE Systems is not responsible for errors.

## **System Specifications**

### **System**

•	
Grating Period	20μm
System Resolution	5µm, 2.5µm, 1.00µm, or 0.50µm (linear)
Linear Accuracy*	Better than ±1µm** available; contact MicroE
	Better than ±3µm** up to 130mm, ±5µm from 155mm to 1m,
	±5μm per meter from 1m to 2m

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum peak to peak error over the specified movement when compared to a NIST-traceable laser interferometer standard, used at room temperature and with MicroE interpolation electronics.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Or +/- one quadrature count, whichever error value is greater.

Rotary Accuracy*	Scale O.D.	Microradians**	Arc-Seconds**	
	12.00mm	±100	±21	
	19.05mm	±63	±13	
	31.75mm	±38	±7.8	
	57.15mm	±19	±3.9	
	107.95mm	±10	±2.1	

<sup>\*</sup>Based on ideal scale mounting concentricity

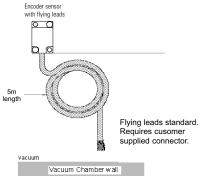
### Sensor Size

W:	12.70mm	0.500"
L:	20.57mm	0.810"
H:	8.38mm	0.330"

### **Operating and Electrical Specifications**

Vacuum	10 <sup>-8</sup> Torr, negligible outgassing
Bake Out	Up to 150°C; up to 48 hours, non-operating
Power Supply	5VDC ±5% @ 60mA
Temperature	
Operating:	Sensor: 0 to 70°C
Storage:	-20 to 70°C
Humidity:	10 - 90% RH non-condensing
Shock:	1500G 0.5 ms half sine
Sensor Weight:	2.7g ( Sensor without cable )
Cable:	The 5m vacuum-compatible cable is EMI shielded and comes
	standard with color coded bare leads for customer termination within
	the vacuum bulkhead. Custom cable lengths and connectors are available.

### Vacuum Encoder System

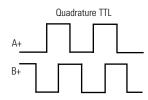




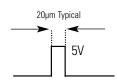


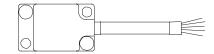
### Mechanical and Electrical Information - Sensor

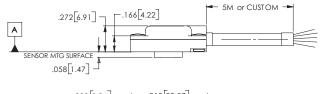
### **Output Signals**

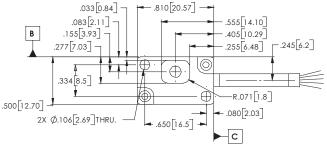


### **Index Window**









<sup>\*\*</sup>Or +/- one quadrature count, whichever error value is greater.

### **Mechanical and Electrical Information**

### Mercury™ 1500V Flying Leads Color Code Signal Chart

### Sensor Wires

0011001 111100	
COLOR	FUNCTION
Orange	A - quadrature
Brown	A + quadrature
Yellow	Sine+***
Green	Cosine+***
White	B- quadrature
Grey	B+ quadrature
Red	+5VDC
Black	Ground
Violet	Index Window+
Blue	Index Window-

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Analog outputs are for sensor alignment only and are nominally 0.85Vpp with 1.7V offset.

### SmartPrecision Alignment Tool, Model SSAT1500S, Pin Assigments

15-pin Standard Female D-sub connector

PIN	FUNCTION
1	
2	
2 3 4 5 6	
4	A - quadrature
5	A + quadrature
6	
7	Sine+***
8	Cosine+***
9	B- quadrature
10	B+ quadrature
11	
12	+5VDC
13	Ground
14	Index Window+
15	Index Window-

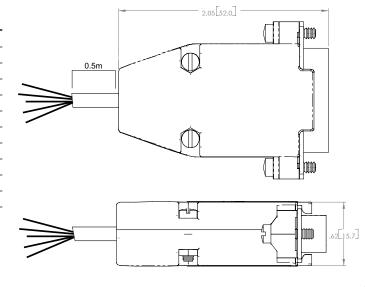
<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Analog outputs are for sensor alignment only and are nominally 0.85Vpp with 1.7V offset.

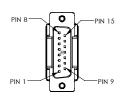
### **Atmospheric Cable, Model M1500-AC**

M1500V-AC can be ordered for use with M1550V units (one M1500V-AC per encoder) or for use with SSAT1500S.

### Flying Leads

COLOR	FUNCTION
Orange	A - quadrature
Brown	A + quadrature
Yellow	Sine+***
Green	Cosine+***
White	B- quadrature
Grey	B+ quadrature
Red	+5VDC
Black	Ground
Violet	Index Window+
Blue	Index Window-





### 15-pin Standard Male D-sub connector

Johnector			
PIN	FUNCTION		
1			
2			
3			
2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8	A - quadrature		
5	A + quadrature		
3			
7	Sine+***		
3	Cosine+***		
9	B- quadrature		
10	B+ quadrature		
11			
12	+5VDC		
13	Ground		
14	Index Window+		
15	Index Window-		

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Analog outputs are for sensor alignment only and are nominally 0.85V<sub>PP</sub> with 1.7V offset.

## **Scale Specifications**

#### Standard and Customized Scales

MicroE Systems offers a wide array of chrome on glass scales for the highest accuracy and best thermal stability. Easy to install, standard linear and rotary scales meet most application requirements. Customized linear, rotary, and rotary segment scales are available where needed. All scales include an optical index. Mercury's glass scales save time by eliminating motion system calibrations or linearity corrections required by other encoders, and provide better thermal stability than metal tape scales.

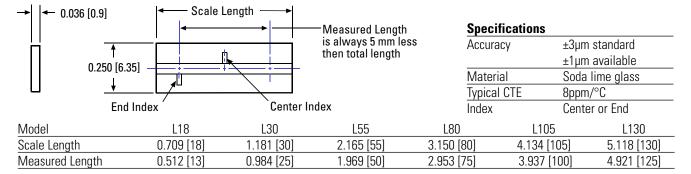
### **Options include:**

- Standard linear: 18mm 2m
- Standard rotary: 12mm 107.95mm diameter, with or without hubs
- Custom linear\*: special lengths, widths, thickness, index mark locations and special low CTE materials
- Custom rotary\*: special ID's, OD's (up to 304.8mm), index mark outside the main track and special low CTE materials
- Mounting of hubs for rotary scales: MicroE Systems can mount and align standard, custom, or customer-supplied hubs
- Rotary segments\*: any angle range; wide range of radius values

### Standard Short Linear Scales

### 130mm and Shorter

Key: inches[mm]

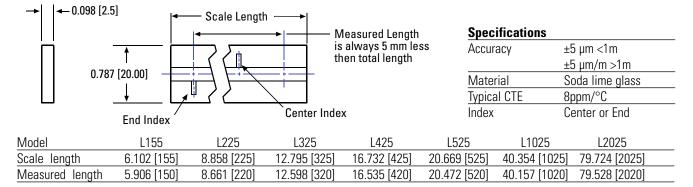


Custom scales available

### **Standard Long Linear Scales**

### 155mm and Longer

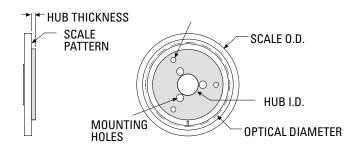
Key: inches[mm]



Custom scales available

<sup>\*</sup>Custom scales or rotary segments are available in OEM quantities. Contact your local MicroE Systems sales office.

### **Standard Rotary Scales**



S	þ	е	cifi	ications	
-	-				

Material	Soda lime glass
Typical CTE	8ppm/°C

Key: inches[mm]

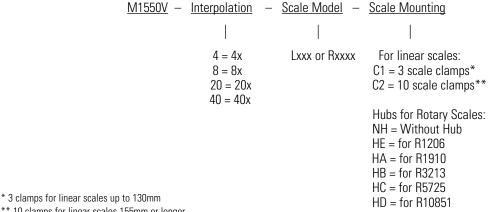
Model No.	Scale Outer Diameter	Scale Inner Diameter	Optical Diameter	Hub Inner Diameter +.0005/-0.0000	Hub Thickness	Fundamental CPR
R1206	0.472 [12.00]	0.250 [6.35]	0.413 [10.50]	0.1253 [3.18]	0.040 [1.02]	1650
R1910	0.750 [19.05]	0.375 [9.52]	0.627 [15.92]	0.1253 [3.183]	0.040 [1.02]	2500
R3213	1.250 [31.75]	0.500 [12.70]	1.027 [26.08]	0.2503 [6.358]	0.050 [1.27]	4096
R5725	2.250 [57.15]	1.000 [25.40]	2.053 [52.15]	0.5003 [12.708]	0.060 [1.52]	8192
R10851	4.250 [107.95]	2.000 [50.80]	4.106 [104.30]	1.0003 [25.408]	0.080 [2.03]	16384

Custom scales available

### **How to Order Mercury 1500V Encoder Systems**

To specify your Mercury encoder with the desired scale, level of interpolation, cable length and software, consult the chart below to create the correct part number for your order. Call MicroE Systems' Rapid Customer Response team for more information [781] 266-5700.

Example (Linear Encoder): M1550V-8-L55-C1 Example (Rotary Encoder): M1550V-40-R1910-HA



All Specifications are subject to change. All data is accurate to the best of our knowledge. MicroE Systems is not responsible for errors.

Note: Scale mounting clamps are not vacuum rated.

### **How to Order Atmospheric Cable**

M1500V-AC can be ordered for use with M1550V units (one M1500V-AC per encoder) or for use with SSAT1500S.

M1500V-AC

Atmospheric cable, 0.5m long, flying leads/15-pin standard D-sub connector

### **How to Order SmartPrecision Alignment Tool**

Example: Alignment Tool for Mercury 1500V encoder, 120 VAC = SSAT1500S-120

NOTE: SSAT1500S - Voltage The M1500V-AC Atmospheric cable is recommended when 120 = 120 VAC, 60Hz US Std. 2-prong plug purchasing an SSAT1500S 220 = 220 VAC, 50Hz European Std. 2-prong plug Alignment Tool.

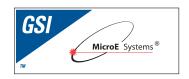
### **How to Order SmartPrecision Software**

Optional for SSAT1500 Alignment Tool

SmartPrecision Software

SSWA-AT = SmartPrecision software on CD

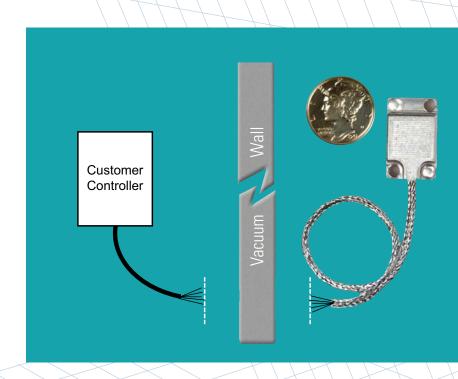
All Specifications are subject to change. All data is accurate to the best of our knowledge. MicroE Systems is not responsible for errors.



<sup>\*\* 10</sup> clamps for linear scales 155mm or longer

# Mercury™ 1500V - Vacuum Rated Digital Output Encoder System

Installation Manual and Reference Guide







### Introduction

MicroE Systems was founded to advance encoder technology to a level never before achieved. Our objective was to design encoder systems that would be small enough to fit into densely packed OEM equipment designs, affordable enough for cost-sensitive applications and easy enough to enable installation, setup and alignment by assemblers with little training. We are pleased to say that all of these goals have been realized with the introduction of the Mercury family of encoders.



### **Precautions**



- 1 Follow standard ESD precautions. Turn power off before connecting the sensor. Do not touch the electrical pins without static protection such as a grounded wrist strap.
- 2 Do not touch the glass scale unless you are wearing talc-free gloves or finger cots. Please read this installation manual for full instructions.

### LASER SAFETY INFORMATION: Mercury & ChipEncoder

This product is sold solely for use as a component (or replacement) in an electronic product; therefore it is not required to, and does not comply with, 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 which pertain to complete laser products. The manufacturer of the complete system-level electronic product is responsible for complying with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 and for providing the user with all necessary safety warnings and information.

MicroE encoders contain an infrared laser diode or diodes. Emitted invisible laser radiation levels have been measured to be within the CDRH Class 1 range, which is not considered hazardous; however, to minimize exposure to the diverging beam, the encoder sensor should be installed in its operational configuration in close proximity to the encoder scale before power is applied.

INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION
DO NOT VIEW DIRECTLY WITH OPTICAL
INSTRUMENTS
(MICROSCOPES, EYE LOUPES OR
MAGNIFIERS)

- Invisible laser radiation; wavelength: 850 nm
- Max power 2.4 mW CW (4.8 mW CW for Mercury II™)
- CAUTION The use of optical instruments with this product will increase eye hazard. DO NOT VIEW DIRECTLY WITH OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS (MICROSCOPES, EYE LOUPES OR MAGNIFIERS).
- All maintenance procedures such as cleaning must be performed with the MicroE encoder turned off.
- Do not insert any reflective surface into the beam path when the encoder is powered.
- Do not attempt to service the MicroE encoder.

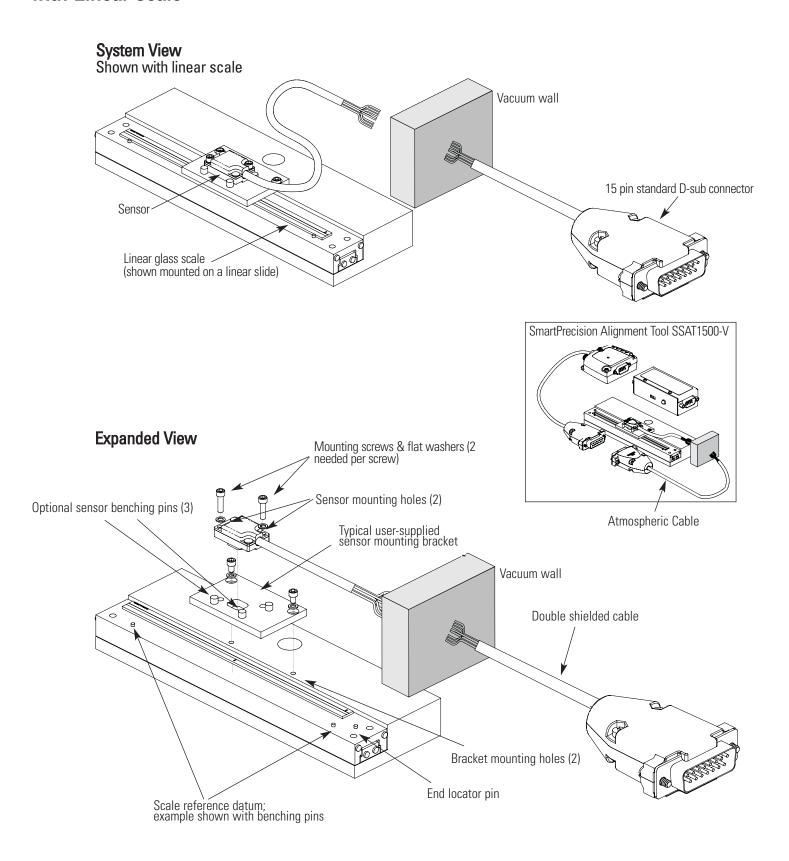
### **Patents**

Covered by the following patents: US 5,991,249; EP 895,239; JP 3,025,237; US 6,897,435; and EP 1,451,933. Additional patents and patents pending may apply.

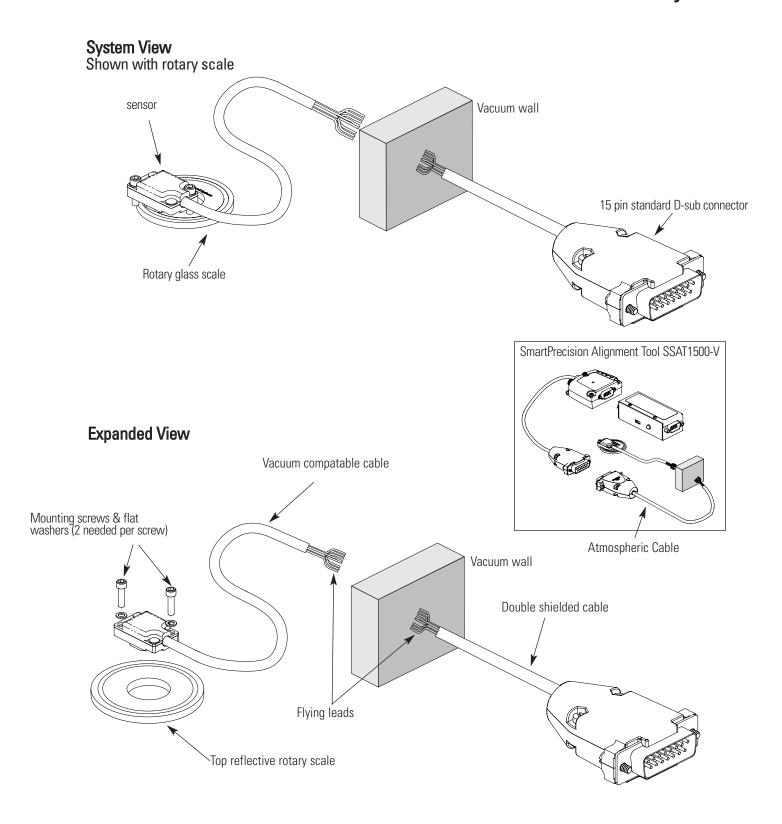
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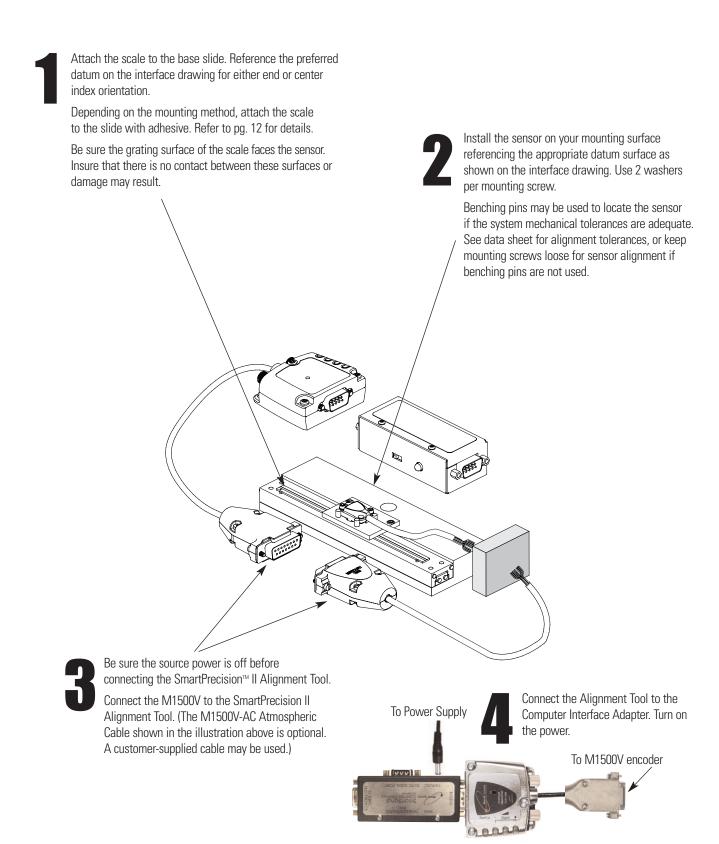
# Mercury™ 1500V Encoder System with Linear scale



# Mercury 1500V Encoder System with Rotary scale



# Installation Instructions Linear Encoders - Using Alignment Tool - Mounting



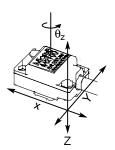
# Installation Instructions Linear Encoders - Using Alignment Tool - Alignment



Proper sensor alignment may require minor adjustments to the sensor position with respect to the scale. This can be performed easily using the SmartPrecision Alignment Tool as illustrated below.

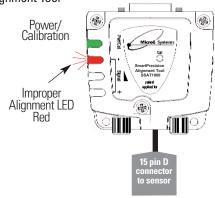
The red, yellow, or green LED will light depending on sensor alignment. Slowly move the sensor by allowing it to slide on the mounting surface until the green LED, is illuminated. Optimal alignment will be displayed as a "Bright Green" LED.

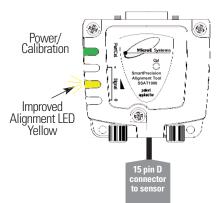
**IMPORTANT**: Confirm that the green LED blinks when passing over the index. If not, readjust the sensor in the Y direction and repeat the above procedure. When alignment is completed, tighten the sensor mounting screws.

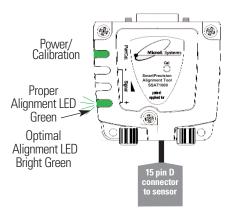


To align the sensor, move it in the Y or  $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{\text{Z}}$  directions.

### SmartPrecision Alignment Tool

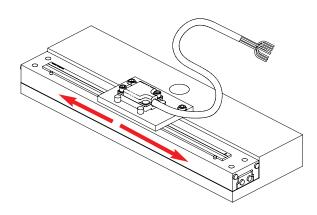








Confirm green over the full range of motion by sliding the scale past the sensor. The "green" LED must remain on over the entire range. If not aligned over the entire range of motion, loosen the sensor mounting screws and repeat step 5.

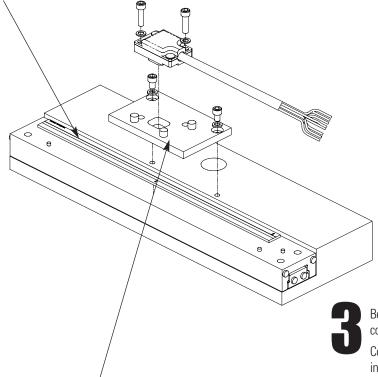


# **Installation Instructions Linear Encoders - Using Sin/Cos Signals - Mounting**

Attach the scale to the base slide. Reference the preferred datum on the interface drawing for either end or center index orientation.

Depending on the mounting method, attach the scale to the slide with adhesive. Refer to pg. 12 for details.

Be sure the grating surface of the scale faces the sensor. Insure that there is no contact between these surfaces or damage may result.



Install the sensor on your mounting surface referencing the appropriate datum surface as shown on the interface drawing. Use 2 washers per mounting screw.

Benching pins may be used to locate the sensor if the system mechanical tolerances are adequate. See data sheet for alignment tolerances, or keep mounting screws loose for sensor alignment if benching pins are not used.

Be sure power is off before connecting the sensor.

Connect the M1500V to your interface electronics using the wire color/signal assigments described on the interface drawing.

Tighten the connector screws. Power up the system.

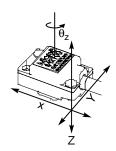
# Installation Instructions Linear Encoders - Using Sin/Cos Signals - Alignment



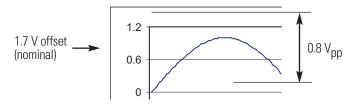
#### MAIN TRACK ALIGNMENT

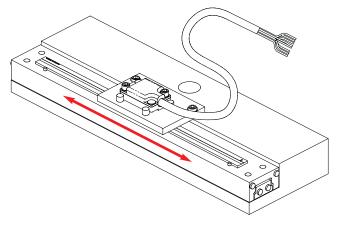
If benching dimensions cannot be provided, proper sensor alignment may require minor adjustments to the sensor position with respect to the scale. This can be performed by maximizing the sine signal from the M1500V.

Using an oscilloscope, monitor the sine or cosine signal (refer to the interface drawing for pinouts) while moving the sensor over the scale. Align the sensor until 0.8 volts peak-to-peak +/- 25% is obtained. When alignment is completed, tighten the sensor mounting screws (0.37Nm [3.3 inch-lbs.] maximum torque).



To align the sensor, move it in the Y or  $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{\text{Z}}$  directions.







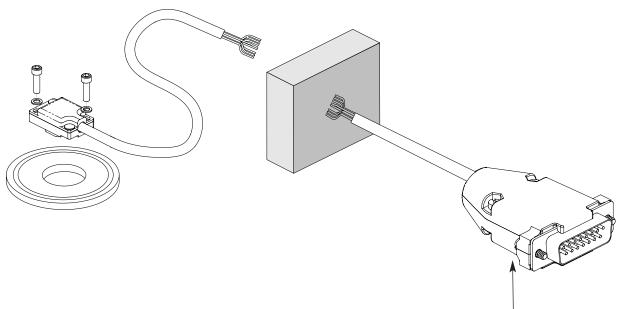
### INDEX TRACK ALIGNMENT

The M1500V must be aligned for both the main and index tracks. When properly aligned, the sensor will produce an index window as the sensor passes over the index mark. The index window is approximately one fringe wide (20 $\mu$ m). To verify proper index track alignment, use a digital oscilloscope triggered on the index window. Refer to the interface drawing for the index window pinout.

Confirm proper alignment of the main track over the full range of motion. If not aligned over the entire range of motion, loosen the sensor mounting screws and repeat steps 4 and 5.

# Installation Instructions Rotary Encoders - Using Alignment Tool - Mounting

Attach your hub/scale assembly to the rotary device. Refer to the interface drawing. The reflective surface of the scale must face the sensor.



Be sure the source power is off before connecting the SmartPrecision Alignment Tool. (The M1500V-AC Atmospheric Cable shown above is optional. A customer-supplied cable may be used.)

Connect the M1500V encoder to the SmartPrecision Alignment Tool.

Install the sensor on your mounting surface referencing the appropriate datum surface as shown on the interface drawing. Use 2 washers per mounting screw.

Benching pins may be used to locate the sensor if the system mechanical tolerances are adequate. See data sheet for alignment tolerances, or keep mounting screws loose for sensor alignment if benching pins are not used.



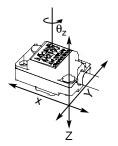
# Installation Instructions Rotary Encoders - Using Alignment Tool - Alignment

5

Proper sensor alignment may require minor adjustments to the sensor position with respect to the scale. This can be performed easily using the SmartPrecision Alignment Tool as illustrated below.

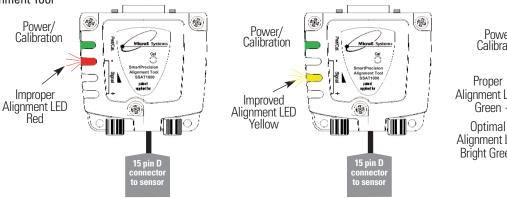
The red, yellow, or green LED will light depending on sensor alignment. Slowly move the sensor by allowing it to slide on the mounting surface until the green LED, is illuminated. Optimal alignment will be displayed as a "Bright Green" LED.

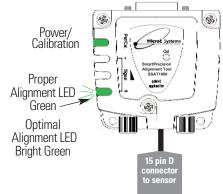
**IMPORTANT**: Confirm that the green LED blinks when passing over the index. If not, readjust the sensor in the Y direction and repeat the above procedure. When alignment is completed, tighten the sensor mounting screws.



To align the sensor, move it in the Y or  $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{\text{Z}}$  directions.

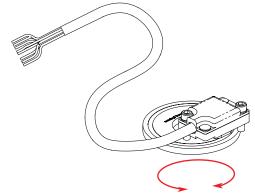
### SmartPrecision Alignment Tool







Confirm green over the full range of motion by sliding the scale past the sensor. The "green" LED must remain on over the entire range. If not aligned over the entire range of motion, loosen the sensor mounting screws and repeat step 5.



# **Installation Instructions**Rotary Encoders - Using Sin/Cos Signals - Mounting

Attach your hub/scale assembly to the rotary device. Refer to the interface drawing. The reflective surface of the scale must face the sensor.

Install the sensor on your mounting surface referencing the appropriate datum surface as shown on the interface drawing. Use 2 washers per mounting screw.

Benching pins may be used to locate the sensor if the system mechanical tolerances are adequate. See data sheet for alignment tolerances, or keep mounting screws loose for sensor alignment if benching pins are not used.

Be sure power is off before connecting the sensor.

Connect the M1500V to your interface electronics using the wire color/signal assignments described on the interface drawing.

Tighten the connector screws. Power up the system.

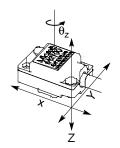
# Installation Instructions Rotary Encoders - Using Sin/Cos Signals - Alignment



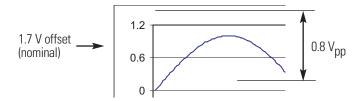
### MAIN TRACK ALIGNMENT

If benching dimensions cannot be provided, proper sensor alignment may require minor adjustments to the sensor position with respect to the scale. This can be performed by maximizing the sine signal from the M1500V.

Using an oscilloscope, monitor the sine or cosine signal (refer to the interface drawing for pinouts) while moving the sensor over the scale. Align the sensor until 0.8 volts peak-to-peak +/- 25% is obtained. When alignment is completed, tighten the sensor mounting screws (0.37Nm [3.3 inch-lbs.] maximum torque).



To align the sensor, move it in the Y or  $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{\text{Z}}$  directions.

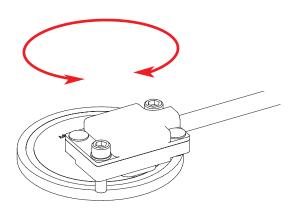




#### INDEX TRACK ALIGNMENT

The M1500V must be aligned for both the main and index tracks. When properly aligned, the sensor will produce an index window as the sensor passes over the index mark. The index window is approximately one fringe wide (20µm). To verify proper index track alignment, use a digital oscilloscope triggered on the index window. Refer to the interface drawing for the index window pinout.

Confirm proper alignment of the main track over the full range of motion. If not aligned over the entire range of motion, loosen the sensor mounting screws and repeat steps 4 and 5.



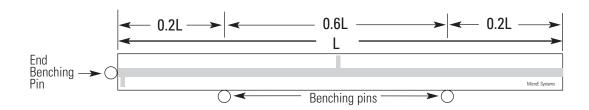
### **Reference Section**

### Installation of Linear Scales

### **Positioning the Scale**

Note: Before beginning mounting procedure, use talc-free gloves or finger cots to handle the scales. Also use vacuum compatible handling procedures and materials. "Benching" the scale to the system means aligning the scale by means of benching pins. Pin locations are described on the appropriate interface drawing. Two benching pins are recommended on the long side of the scale and one at the end as shown. This is marked datum A on the interface drawing.

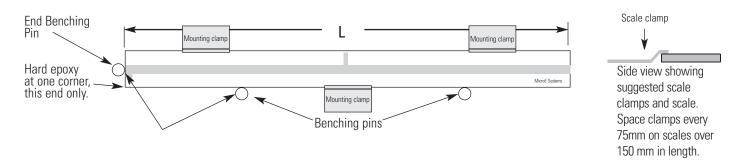
- Position the benching pins in from either end. 20% of the overall scale length is the recommended location from the edge.
- **2** Be sure the benching pins do not extend too high in the Z direction to prevent mechanical interference with the sensor or sensor mount.



### **Mounting the Scale**

**Suggested Epoxy and Clamp Mounting** 

- Make sure the mounting surface is clean and dry.
- Scale clamps (customer supplied) may be used to mechanically secure the scale. The clamps should allow for thermal expansion of the scale and mounting surface. Make sure that the clamps do not interfere with the sensor or sensor mount. Note: adhesive used on clamps supplied by MicroE is not vacuum rated.



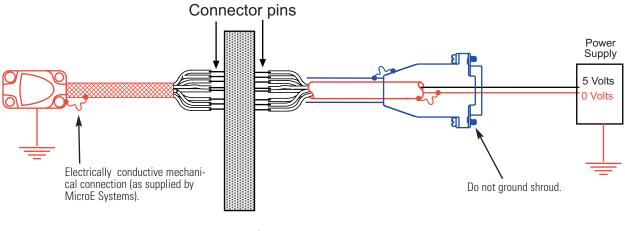
- **2** Align the scale by placing the edges against the benching pins.
- Apply a hard, vacuum compatible epoxy to the end of the scale at the end benching pin.

### **Installation Reference Guide**

### **Grounding Instructions for Mercury 1500V Encoder Systems**

Correct grounding can be implemented in several ways depending on how the customer implements the connections through the vacuum chamber wall. The diagram below is suitable where:

- The outer cable shields are electrically isolated from each other at the vacuum chamber wall.
- The sensor is mounted with good electrical contact to a well-grounded surface. (Note that an electrical path through bearings will not result in a well-grounded sensor.)



Vacuum Chamber wall

Note: specific applications may require a different grounding scheme. Contact MicroE Systems for applications support.

### **Shielding Instructions**

Customer-installed connectors at the vacuum chamber wall must electrically shield the signal wires from Electro Magnetic Interference, Radio Frequency Interference and Electro Static Discharge. The connectors' shielding must completely surround the wires with no gaps, including intimate electrical contact 360 degrees around the outer cable shields at the ends of the cables supplied with flying leads. The inner shield of the cable that is attached to the SmartPrecision electronics module must be electrically isolated from the outer shield.

### **Important Note**

MicroE Systems recommends testing the motion subsystem after the Mercury 1500V encoders are installed using your vacuum throughwall connectors. The testing should prove that the motion system has sufficient immunity to Electro Magnetic Interference, Radio Frequency Interference and Electro Static Discharge according to the application requirements.

### **Recommendations for Power**

Mercury encoders require a minimum of 4.75V DC continuously. When designing circuits and extension cables to use Mercury encoders, be sure to account for voltage loss over distance and tolerances from the nominal supply voltage so that at least 4.75V DC is available to the Mercury encoder under all operating conditions. The input voltage should not exceed 5.25V DC.

### **Customer Interface Cable Requirements**

Customer cables that interface to Mercury series encoders must have the following characteristics:

- Twisted pair signal wiring.
- Characteristic impedance of 100-120 ohms.
- Sufficient wire gauge to meet the minimum voltage requirement at the encoder, for example 24AWG gauge wire for a 2m length cable.
   Examples of acceptable cables with 24 AWG gauge wire and 4 twisted pairs are Belden 9831, 8104, and 9844 or other manufacturer's equivalents.
- Single shield cable with a minimum of 90% coverage. Note that a double shielded cable may be required in high-noise applications.

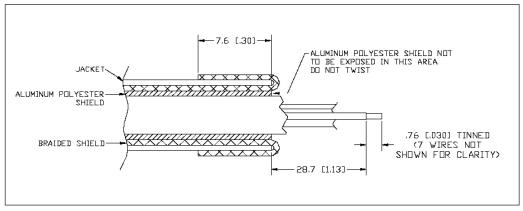
### **Signal Wiring:**

Each differential signal should be connected to a corresponding twisted pair as follows:

Mercury 1500V		
Signal	Twisted Pair	
A+ A-	Pair 1	
B+ B-	Pair 2	
Index+ Index-	Pair 3	
+5V GND	Pair 4	

### **Shield Termination:**

The customer's cable shield should be in 360° contact with the connector shroud and the connector shell to provide complete shielding. The connector shell should be metal with conductive surfaces. Suggested metal connector shells for use with Mercury 3500, 3000, 3000Si, and 2000 encoders: AMP 748676-1 or equivalent; for Mercury 1000 and 1500V encoders: AMP 745172-3, -2, or -1 where the dash number is dependent on the customer's outside cable diameter. The shield should be terminated as illustrated in the following diagram.

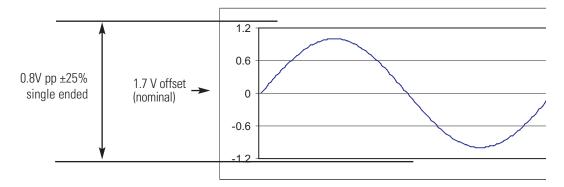


Fold braided shield back over jacket. Example shows double-shielded cable. Dimensions shown are for illustration only.

### **Output Signal Description**

### SINE+/COSINE+

Analog signal with nominal peak to peak amplitude of 0.8V. The output signal has a source impedance of  $1K\Omega$ . This signal is only used to align the sensor using an oscilloscope and is not suitable for feedback in a control system.

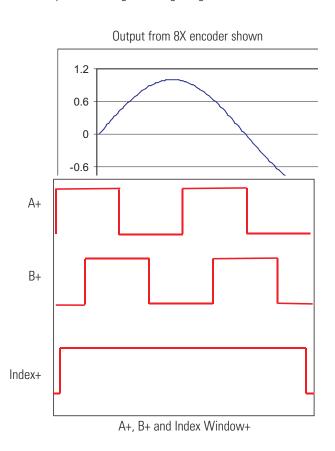


### **Output Signal Description**

- A+/A- Digital Quadrature output. Signal is a RS-422 compatible square wave. Pulses are 90° out of phase with B+/B- outputs. Please see below.
- B+/B- Digital Quadrature output. Signal is a RS-422 compatible square wave. Pulses are 90° out of phase with A+/A- outputs. Please see below.

### **Index Window**

The Index Window defines one particular fringe on the grating.



### **Troubleshooting**

#### **Problem**

The Power/Calibration indicator will not come on.

#### Solution

- Make sure the M1500V 15-pin D connector is fully seated and connected.
- Confirm that +5 Volts DC is being applied to pin 12 on the M1500V 15-pin D connector and that pin 13 is connected to ground.

#### **Problem**

Can't get the SmartPrecision Alignment Tool "Signal" LEDs better than red or yellow; or the green, "green" indicator doesn't stay illuminated over the full length of the scale.

#### Solution

- Verify that the sensor has been aligned to the scale and that the mounting screws are tight. Check the dimensions for the mechanical
  mounting holes (and clamps if any) to make sure that the sensor is correctly located over the scale. Refer to the appropriate interface drawing.
- Check that the scale is firmly mounted and can't jiggle or move in other than the intended direction.
- Make sure that the scale is clean over its entire length or circumference. Use the recommended Cleaning Scales procedure.

### **Cleaning Scales**





### **General Particle Removal**

Blow off the contamination with nitrogen, clean air, or a similar gas.



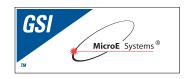


### **Contamination Removal**

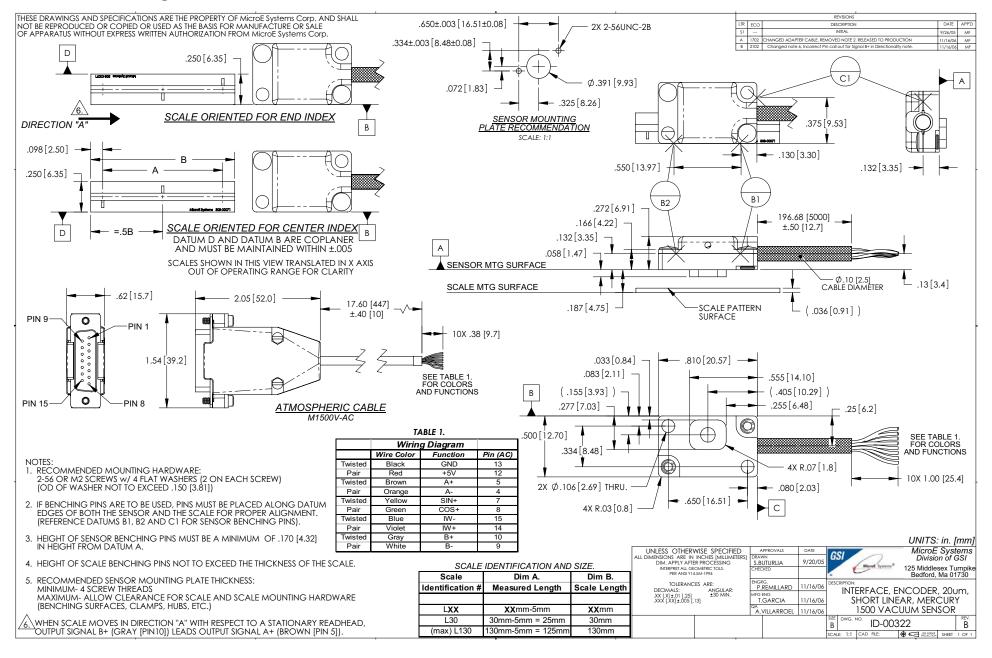
Use a lint-free cleanroom wipe or cotton swab dampened with isopropyl alcohol or acetone only to wipe the surface clean. Handle the scale by the edges. Do not scrub the scale.

### **Contact MicroE Systems**

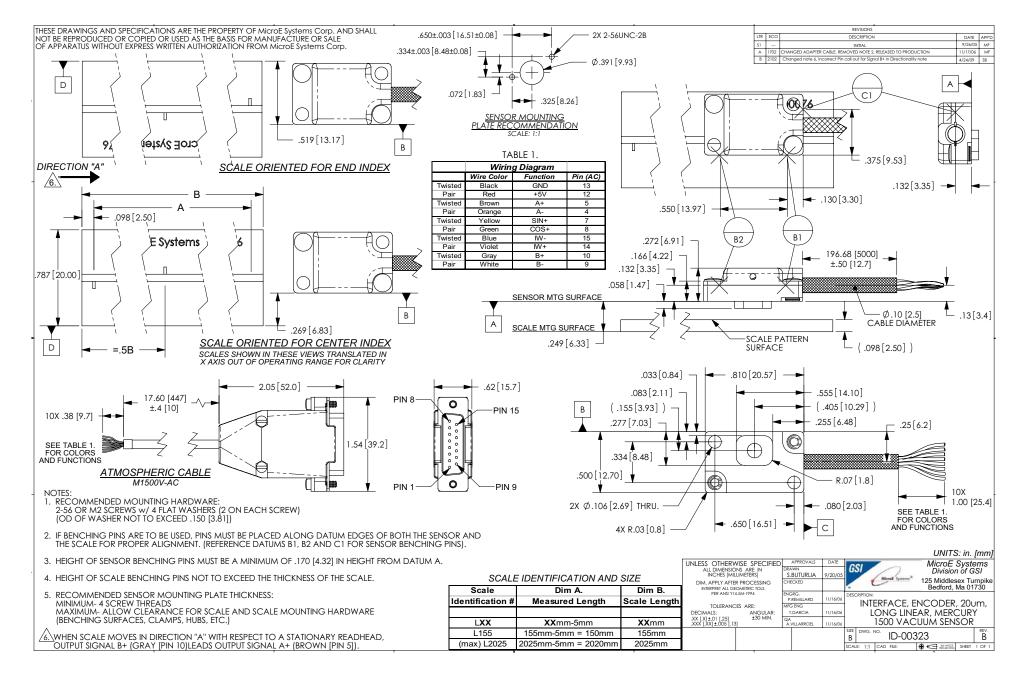
Thank you for purchasing a MicroE Systems product. You should expect the highest level of quality and support from MicroE. If you want to download the Mercury Encoder Installation Manual, Data Sheet or Interface Drawing, browse www.microesys.com and click on the Mercury Encoders button.



# Mercury 1500V Encoder System Interface Drawing: Short Linear Scales



# Mercury 1500V Encoder System Interface Drawing: Long Linear Scales



# Mercury 1500V Encoder System Interface Drawing: Rotary Scales

